







California leaf-nosed bat (*Macrotus californicus*)

San Diego County MSCP area

Background

- 23 bat species in San Diego County (Krutzsch 1948, Bond 1977, Constantine 1998)
- 21 insectivores, 2 nectivores
- 1 federally endangered species, 15 others state and/or federally sensitive
- No MSCP covered species (lack of info.)
- Extensive bat surveys in 1930's and 40's by Krutzcsh (1948)
- Current information on bat distribution, status lacking
- Complex life histories, require multiple habitats for both roosting and foraging needs, typically have large home ranges



Mexican long-tongued bat (*Choeronycteris mexicana*)

Objectives



- Determine species composition and distribution
- Determine conservation needs of bats
- Develop effective survey/monitoring strategies (techniques, timing of surveys, locations)
- Assess functionality of MSCP area for bats
- Develop management strategy for bats



USGS biologists processing captured bats

Methods



- Foraging bat surveys
- Anabat II Bat Detector/laptop computer
- Mist-nets
- Audible
- Visual (spotlighting)
- 3-hour survey period starting at sunset



- Roosting bat surveys
- Diurnal & nocturnal surveys
 - Visual
 - Hand-nets
- External surveys
 - Anabat
 - Mist-nets
 - Visual
 - Audible

Captured Bats

- Species ID
- Age
- Sex
- Repro. status
- Measurements
 - Forearm
 - Ear
 - Foot
 - Weight
- Ectoparasite load
- Obvious injuries
- Genetic material
- Record vocalization



California myotis (*Myotis* californicus)



Townsend's big-eared bat (Corynorhinus townsendii)

Site Selection



- Foraging Sites
- Open water
- Riparian scrub
- Riparian forest
- Oak woodland
- Chaparral
- Coastal Sage Scrub
- Grassland

- Roosting sites
- Rocky outcrops
- Natural caves
- Flumes
- Buildings
- Bridges



Long-eared myotis (Myotis evotis)

Survey Effort

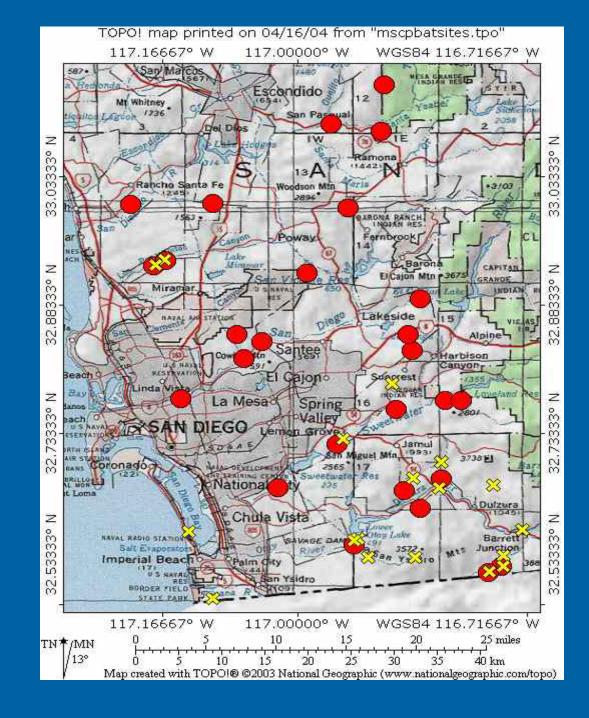


- Foraging bats
- 80 nights at 27 sites
- 240 Anabat hours
- 840 Mist-net hours

- Roosting bats
- 28 visits to 18 potential roost sites

Surveys conducted year-round, most effort May-October







Western red bat (Lasiurus blossevillii)

Results

- Foraging bats
- 14 bat species detected
- 5.35 species/night
- Anabat: 8697 recorded files (108.71 files/night), 14 species recorded (4.83 species/night)
- Mist-nets: 143 bats (1.79 bats/night) representing 10 species (0.76 species/night)



Roosting bats

- 13 species found during roost surveys including 2 species not detected during foraging bat surveys
- Bats found occupying 15 of 18 surveyed roosts



Results (cont.)

- 16 species total
- 15 of 16 species found in southern portion of MSCP area (TJ, Otay Rivers)
- 3 most frequently detected species: Yuma myotis, Pocketed free-tailed bat, Mexican free-tailed bat
- 3 least frequently detected species: Mexican longtongued bat, California leafnosed bat, Pallid bat



Yuma myotis (*Myotis* yumanensis)



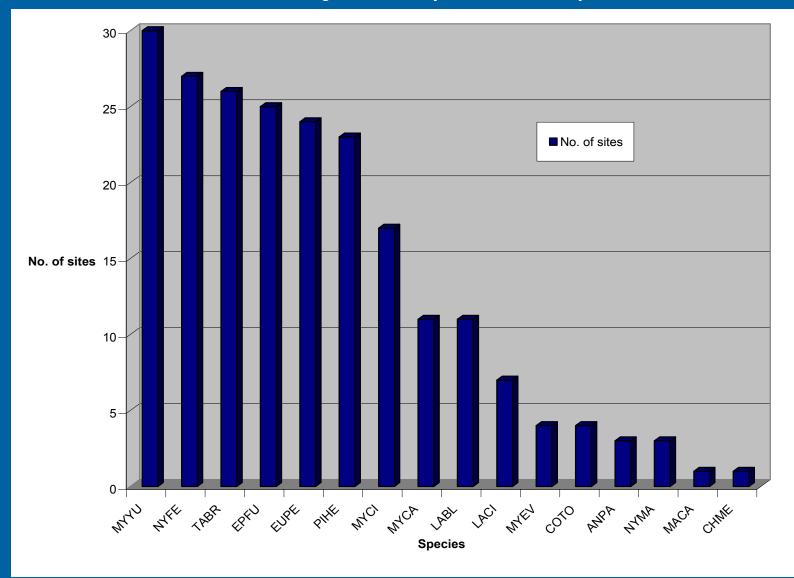
Bat Species (23 known from San Diego County)			Legal Status*
<u>Family</u>	Scientific name	Common name	CSC, FSS, BLM
Phyllostomatidae	Macrotus californicus	California leaf-nosed bat	CSC, FSS, BLM
	Choeronycteris mexicana	Mexican long-tongued bat	CSC
	Leptonycteris curasoae	Lesser long-nosed bat	FE
Vespertilionidae	Myotis yumanensis	Yuma myotis	BLM
	Myotis lucifugus	Little brown bat	none
	Myotis evotis	Long-eared myotis	BLM
	Myotis thysanodes	Fringed myotis	BLM
	Myotis volans	Long-legged myotis	CSC**, BLM
	Myotis californicus	California myotis	none
	Myotis ciliolabrum	Small-footed myotis	BLM
	Lasionycteris noctivagans	Silver-haired bat	none
	Pipistrellus hesperus	Western pipistrelle	none
	Eptesicus fuscus	Big brown bat	none
	Lasiurus blossevillii	Red bat	CSC**, FSS
	Lasiurus xanthinus	Yellow bat	CSC**
	Lasiurus cinereus	Hoary bat	none
	Euderma maculatum	Spotted bat	CSC, BLM
	Corynorhinus townsendii	Townsend's big-eared bat	CSC, FSS, BLM
	Antrozous pallidus	Pallid bat	CSC, FSS, BLM
Molssidae	Tadarida brasiliensis	Mexican free-tailed bat	none
	Nyctinomops femorosaccus	Pocketed free-tailed bat	CSC
	Nyctinomops macrotis	Big free-tailed bat	CSC
*0-1:6	Eumops perotis	Western mastiff bat	CSC, BLM

*California Species of Special Concern (CSC), Federally Endangered (FE), Forest Service Sensitive (FSS), and Bureau of Land Management Sensitive (BLM). Source: Calif. Dept. of Fish and Game, Special Animals List, July 2002.
**Proposed California Species of Special Concern



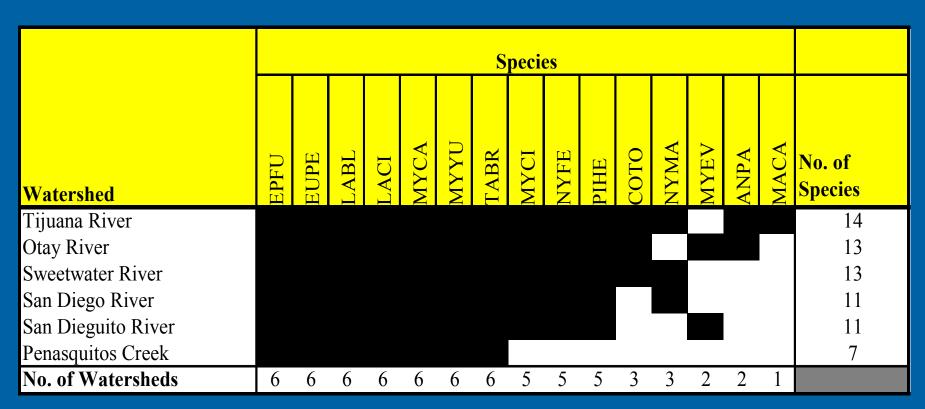


Bats by site (45 sites)





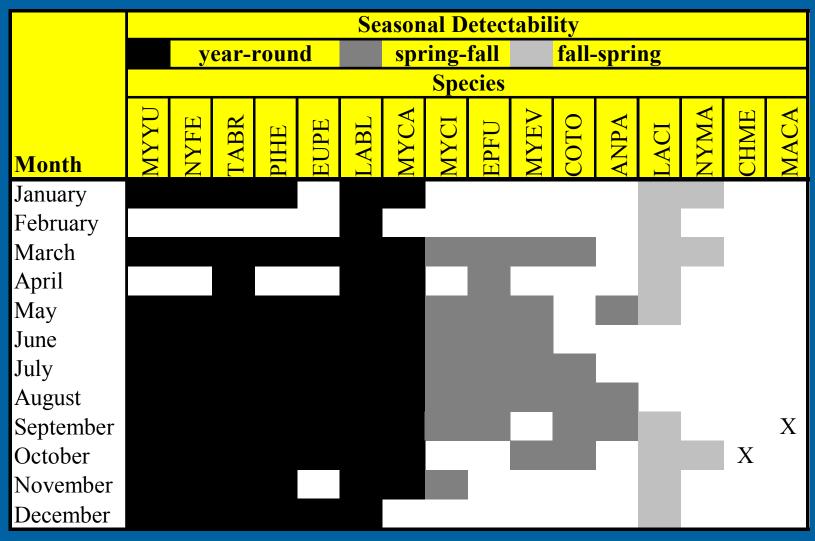
Bats by watershed*



^{*}survey effort varied from watershed to watershed



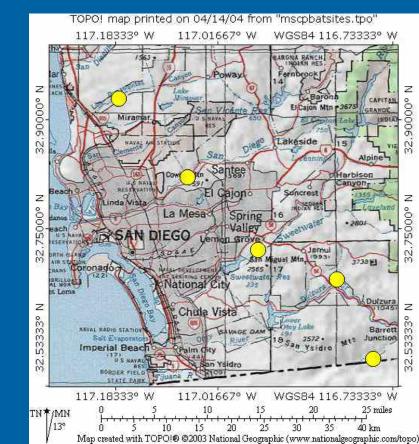
Bats by month*





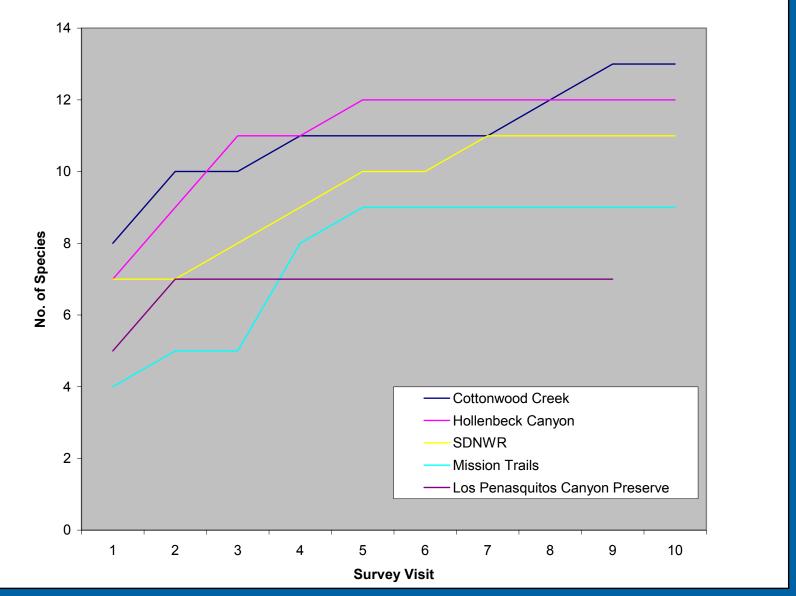
Multi-visit Survey Sites (Foraging Sites)

- Los Penasquitos Canyon Preserve
- Mission Trails Regional Park
- San Diego National Wildlife Refuge
- Hollenbeck Canyon Wildlife Area
- Cottonwood Creek





Species accumulation curves for multi-visit sites





Pallid bat (Antrozous pallidus)

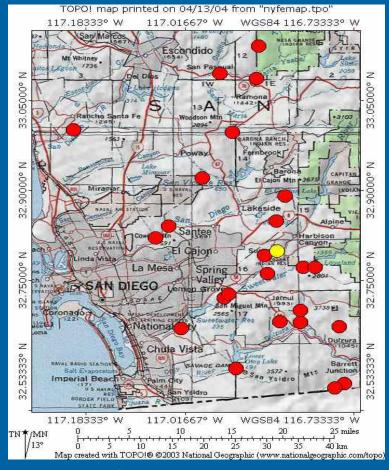


Changes in MSCP area bat community

- Most Obvious
- Pocketed free-tailed bat (Nyctinomops femorosaccus) appears to have experienced a range expansion
- Pallid bat (Antrozous pallidus) appears to have experienced range contraction

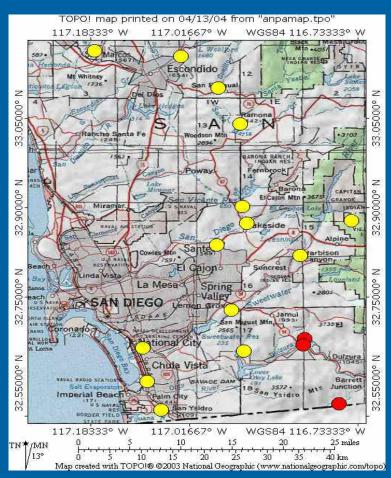






Pocketed free-tailed bat

(Nyctinomops femorosaccus)



Pallid bat

(Antrozous pallidus)



Western small-footed myotis (*Myotis ciliolabrum*)

Some Conclusions



- Southern portion of MSCP preserve system supporting greatest number of bat species including several rare species (ANPA, MACA, COTO)
 - Greatest amount of contiguous, undisturbed structurally diverse land including intact riparian and upland systems
 - Many bat roosting opportunities
 - Abundance of exposed rocky habitat
 - Presence of natural and artificial caves
- Importance of coastal habitats to resident and migratory species cannot be overlooked



Western pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus hesperus*)



More Conclusions

- Multiple survey techniques required to document all species
- Sites surveyed multiple times across seasons
- 7 species not detected due to rarity, peripheral to study area
- Functionality of MSCP area for bats complex situation
- Management strategy dependent on multi-agency involvement



Key Management Issues

- Protection of roosts
 - Mines
 - Otay Mtn
 - McGinty Mtn
 - El Monte OSP
 - Flumes and Dams
 - Bridges
 - Buildings
- Roost enhancement on preserve lands
- Preserve upland habitats along with riparian



Hoary bat (Lasiurus cinereus)

- •Protect pallid bat habitat (low gradient, sparse ground cover i.e. grasslands, oak savannahs, terraces
- •More bat research!!!



Additional Bat-related Projects

- Standardized survey protocols
- Bat call reference library
- Genetic tissue collection
- Ectoparasites
- Local bat demographics
- Effects of fire on bats
- Effects of urbanization on bats including implications of bat use of a mosaic-of-ownership landscape
- Sexual dimorphism in local bat populations



Big brown bat (*Eptesicus fuscus*)



Acknowledgements

- County of San Diego
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- City of San Diego
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- USGS biologists



Spotted bat (*Euderma maculatum*)

